## **Acid Base Equilibrium Questions**

- 1. Hydrofluoric acid can be used to etch glass. Calculate the pH of a 0.33 *M* HF solution.
- 2. The ionization constant, *K*a, for propanoic acid,  $C_2H_5COOH$ , is 1.3 x 10<sup>-5</sup>. What is the percent ionization in a 0.65 *M* solution of propanoic acid? Propanoic acid is a monoprotic acid.
- 3. What is the percent ionization in a 0.0500 *M* solution of formic acid, HCOOH?
- 4. A 0.0830 *M* solution of a monoprotic acid is known to be 1.07% ionized. What is the pH of the solution? Calculate the value of *K*a for this acid.
- 5. A 0.055 *M* aqueous solution of a weak, monoprotic acid is 0.85% ionized. Calculate the value of the ionization constant, *K*a, for this acid.
- 6. Pyridine is 0.053% ionized in 0.00500 *M* solution. What is the pKb of this monobasic compound?
- 7. Lactic acid,  $HC_3H_5O_3(aq)$ , is a weak acid that gives yogurt its sour taste. Calculate the pH of a 0.0010 mol/L solution of lactic acid. The *K*a for lactic acid is  $1.4 \times 10^{-4}$ .
- 8. Methanoic acid,  $HCO_2H(aq)$ , also known as formic acid, is partly responsible for the characteristic itchy rash produced by the leaves of the stinging nettle plant. Calculate the pH of 0.150 mol/L methanoic acid. The Ka for methanoic acid is  $1.8 \times 10^{-4}$ .
- 9. A 0.25 mol/L solution of benzoic acid,  $HC_7H_5O_2$  (aq), an antiseptic also used as a food preservative, has a pH of 2.40. Calculate the Ka of benzoic acid at SATP.
- 10. Ascorbic acid,  $HC_6H_7O_6_{(aq)}$ , is a weak organic acid, also known as vitamin C. A student prepares a 0.20 mol/L aqueous solution of ascorbic acid, and measures its pH as 2.40. Based on this evidence, what is the *K*a of ascorbic acid?
- 11. Strychnine,  $C_{21}H_{22}N_2O_2$  (aq), is a weak base but a powerful poison. Calculate the pH of a 0.001 mol/L solution of strychnine. The *K*b of strychnine is  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ .
- 12. Codeine (use Cod as an abbreviated chemical symbol) has a  $K_b$  of 1.73 x 10<sup>-6</sup>. Calculate the pH of a 0.020 mol/L codeine solution.
- 13. Ammonia, NH3, is the conjugate base of the ammonium ion,  $NH_4^+_{(aq)}$ .
  - (a) Given that the *K*b for ammonia is  $1.72 \times 10^{-5}$ , write the  $K_{\rm b}$  expression for the ionization of ammonia.
  - (b) Given that the Ka for the ammonium ion is 5.80 x  $10^{-10}$ , write the Ka expression for the ammonium ion.
  - (c) Use the equations in (a) and (b) to show that KaKb = Kw.

- 14. Calculate the concentrations of  $H_3O^+$ ,  $OH^-$ ,  $HSeO_4^-$ , and  $SeO_4^{2-}$  in 0.12 *M*  $H_2SeO_4$ , selenic acid, solution.
- 15. Rust stains can be removed from painted surfaces with a solution of oxalic acid,  $(COOH)_2$ . Calculate the pH of a 0.050 *M* oxalic acid solution.
- 16. Calculate the pH and pOH of a carbonated soft drink that is 0.0032 mol/L carbonic acid solution. Assume that there are no other acidic or basic components.